(Affiliated to Andhra University)
An Institution of Priyadarshini Educational Academy
NAAC ACCREDITED COLLEGE

Dr.V.Rama Rao, M.A.,Ph.D., Secretary & Correspondent

Dr.A.Balakrishna,M.Sc.,Ph.D., Principal

DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

Bachelor of Science (B.Sc. MB BC BT)

APSCHE, Revised Syllabus of Microbiology under CBCS Frame Work

w.e.f 2015 – 16 (Revised in April, 2015)

Course Out Comes (COs) for Microbiology

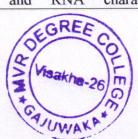
| CODE | TITLE OF THE PAPER | OUTCOMES |
|---|---|--|
| f colormetry, such as such as such as such end end end mechanism of end | MICROBIAL DIVERSITY | CO1: The main objective of this course to know the students about contributions of scientists and to know the general characteristics of microbiology CO2: Students get the knowledge about general characteristics of different species and also study the TMV and HIV. CO3: The main objective of this course to know the students about the characteristics and classification of fungi, algae and protozoa and also the students aware of principles, instrumentation and handling of microscopy. CO4: Student understands about different staining techniques and also study the physical and chemical methods of sterilization. CO5: The main objective of this course is to understand the students and get the knowledge about the ultra-structure of bacterial cell and also study the economic importance of algae and fungi. |
| MBT-101 (PR) | INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIOLOGY AND | CO1:Student know about the Microbiology Laboratory practices and biosafety. |



(UG And PG Courses)

| or.V.Rama Rao, ecretary & Corr | | Dr.A.Balakrishna,M.Sc.,Ph.D., Principal |
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| ceretary & corr | MICROBIAL DIVERSITY | CO2: Preparation of culture media for cultivation of bacteria and fungi. |
| A to | Bale MB BC B B strology mader CBCS Franc V sed in April 2015 Our Microniology OUTCOMB | CO3: Microscopic observation of bacteria (Gram positive bacilli and cocci, Gram negative bacilli), Cyanobacteria, Algae and fungi. CO4: Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria by streaking method. CO5: Diagrammatic or Electron photomicrographic observation of TMV, HIV, T4 phage and adenovirus. |
| MBT-201 (TH) | MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM | CO1: Describe the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and amino acids. |
| | CO2: Surdents got the land general characteristics of di and also study the TMV and | CO2: Students to understand the study of principals and applications of colorimetry. Other instruments such as |
| | (1931) The main objective of know the students about the charge entities and else tage and protozoa soulents aware of | spectrophotometry, centrifugation and gel electrophoresis. CO3: The ability in classifying enzymes and also understand the mechanism of catalysis employed by the most well characterized enzymes. |
| | instrumentation and increacepy. CO31 Student understands areining recliniques and a physical and chemical studies and chemical studies. | Explain how the enzyme activity is regulated and affected by temperature, pH and concentration. CO4: The main objective of this course is to understand the student and get the knowledge of Microbial nutrition and |
| | f. O5. The main objective of its embeddens an knowledge about the ultra-st bacterial cell and also study the portance of algae and from | different medias and also concepts of microbial growth. CO5: Describe the metabolic pathways of aerobic and anaerobic photosynthesis in bacteria. |
| MBT-201 (PR) | MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM | CO1: Qualitative analysis of Carbohydrates and Amino acids. CO2: Colorimetric estimation of DNA by |

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| bout satigons bout satigons and bout satigons | ed sanstraphous and Frankland (CO\$: Sandenh underschil insammer, Organs and sand use unmande system. (CO\$: Sendent underschild and antibody and their | diphenylamine method. CO3: Paper chromatographic separation of sugars and amino acids. CO4: Estimation of CFU count by spread plate method/pour plate method. CO5: Factors affecting bacterial growth pH, Temperature and Salts. |
| MBT:301 (TH) Macan agraine Anode agraine Loold manue Loold manue | MICROBIAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY BIO | CO1: The main objective of this course to get the knowledge about genome organization about it concept by studying the structure of Nucleic acids, and replication of DNA by plasmids and transposons. CO2: Students get the knowledge about Mutation and Mutagen, difference between them and also, they will study of DNA damage repair mechanism and Genetic recombination in bacteria. CO3: Student understand the concept of Gene and types of RNA, Genetic code and Bacterial recombination. CO4: Student understand about the concept of Regulation of gene expression in bacteria. CO5: Student learn about the principles of Genetic engineering and also know the Gene cloning methods. |
| MBT:301 (PR) | MICROBIAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY | CO1: Study of different types of DNA an RNA using micrographs an model/schematic representations. CO2: Study of semi-conservative replication of DNA througe micrographs/schematic representations. CO3: Student to estimation of DNA using UV spectrophotometer. CO4: Student to solve the problems related |



(UG And PG Courses)

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| | diphendankee medod | Transcription and Translation. |
| ed course to the last course to genome | IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY | CO1: Student understand about the Immunity, Organs and study the cells of the immune system. CO2: Student understand about antigent and antibody and their mechanisms various Hybridization techniques. CO3: Student understand about hos pathogen interaction, principles of diagnostic microbiology and laborator diagnosis. |
| acids until | the streture of Suctor | CO4: Student get the knowledge about antibacterial, antifungal, antiviral substances. |
| | CQ2: Storious ger the lon Montion and Minagen, differ them and also lacy will damage repair mechanism | CO5: Student get the knowledge about Bacterial, Fungal, Protozoal, Virginia diseases. |
| MBT: 401 | IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY | <u>CO1:</u> Identification of human blood groups and also demonstrate the separate serum from the blood sample. <u>CO2:</u> Ability to acquire a knowledge about |
| | COD Student instersion concept of Regulation of grant in bacteria. | the study of laboratory strains on the bas of cultural, morphological and biochemic characteristics: IMViC,urease production |
| | Consider team about it formed engineering and a Cone cloning methods | and catalase tests. CO3: Study symptoms of the diseases with the help of photographs: Anthrax, Politherpes, Chicken pox, HPV wart Dermatomycosis (ring worms). |
| -bak steller eno | <u>COD</u> : Study of different type RNA using micros model schematic represents | CO4: Study of various stages of malari parasites in RBCs using permaner mounts. |
| MBT:501 (TH) | ENVIRONMENTAL AND AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY | CO1: Students get the knowledge aborenvironmental, study of soil profil Atmospheric- are microflora & also knowledge the extinct habitats. CO2: Student get the knowledge abore role of microorganisms in nutrient cycling. |
| | AVIA and RNA | treatment and safety of drinking water. |

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| cretary & Corr | | Principal CO3: Student learn about solid waste |
| and that | | management, liquid waste management |
| | | |
| | | and sewage treatment. |
| | | CO4: Student get the knowledge about |
| | | plant growth microorganisms, nitroger |
| The second secon | | fixation and biofertilizers. |
| apita sacro | | CO5: Student get the knowledge about |
| | application and other tests. | concept, symptoms caused by fung |
| fo nottages | (Y L) Maintenance and p | bacteria and viruses in plants. |
| MRT-501 | ENVIRONMENTAL AND | CO1: Analysis of soil- pH, Moistur |
| | AGRICULTURAL | content and water holding capacity. |
| | | CO2: Study of air flora by Petri plat |
| E DOOT DIES 14:57 | MICROBIOLOGY | |
| | | exposure method. |
| | | CO3: Analysis of potable water: SCI |
| | | Presumptive, Confirmed and Complete |
| | | test, determination of coli form count i |
| | | water by MPN. |
| epoint apports | | CO4: Staining and observation of |
| | of formanation | Vesicular Arbuscular Mycorrhizal (VAM |
| mode | COS; Student get ling vierlen | fungi. |
| | also to cottoble production of | CO5: Observation of plant diseases of |
| | 7 | local importance- Citrus canker, Tikk |
| | COT: Pedagon of bacture fi | disease of Groundnut, Bhindi yellow vei |
| | COL Preparation of voget | mosaic, Rusts, Smuts, Powdery mildew |
| | o continue ovasticado (400) | Tomato leaf curl. |
| | | CO1: Student get the knowledge about |
| | * CO4: Production of early als | bacterial, viral, fungal and protozoan |
| | | |
| | MODODIA | diseases of various human body system. |
| MBT: 601 | MICROBIAL | CO2: Students learn about collection and |
| (TH) | DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH | precautions required of clinical samples. |
| | 20thers | CO3: Students learn about the examination |
| | CLINICS | of staining of various samples. |
| | piant, animal, ni arobbiel bior | <u>CO4:</u> Students get the knowledge about |
| | node resol moont? (600) | hybridization techniques. |
| | Single cell protonal problems | CO5: Students learn about Disc diffusion |
| | sing has sleaft to nonounerg. | method. |
| | COM: Student learn about | CO1: Collection transport and processing |
| MBT: 601 | MICROBIAL | of clinical specimens(Blood, Urine, Sto |
| (DD) | DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH | and Sputum). Receipts, Labellin |
| (PR) | DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH | and Sputting. Receipts, Dabenin |



M.V.R. DEGREE COLLEGE (UG And PG Courses) (Affiliated to Andhra University)

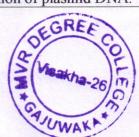
| Dr.V.Rama Rao, Secretary & Cor | | Dr.A.Balakrishna,M.Sc.,Ph.D., Principal |
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| | concept symptoms the knet concept symptoms of the plants. | recording and dispatching clinical specimens. CO2: To isolate the bacteria in pure culture and Antibiotic sensitivity. CO3: Identification of common bacteria by studying their morphology, cultural character, Biochemical reactions, slide agglutination and other tests. CO4: Maintenance and preservation of stock culture. |
| | FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY | CO1: Students understand microbial growth in food spoilage of food-fruits, vegetables, milk, meat, egg,bread and food borne disease. CO2: Student get the knowledge about the principle of food preservation. CO3: Student understand microorganisms and its industrial importance. CO4: Student get knowledge about types of fermentation. CO5: Student get knowledge about microbial production of industrial products. |
| MBR 701 (PR) | FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY | CO1: Isolation of bacteria from vegetables CO2: Preparation of yogurt CO3: Qualitative analysis of milk CO4: Production of ethyl alcohol |
| adge about Nee diffusion ad processing Bione, Stool | MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY MODELLE STEEL | CO1: Student get the knowledge about microbial Biotechnology and bacterial genetics. CO2: Student get the knowledge about plant, animal, microbial biomasses. CO3: Student learn about concepts of single cell protein, probiotics and microbial production of fuels and polymers. CO4: Student learn about expression of cloned genes in bacteria, yeast, plant and animal cells. CO5: Students learn about concept of |

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| u merobiál es so know that | CO3: Students learn about of the control of distributed bevera CO4: this course out of necessions. | genetically modified microorganisms, products their advantages and disadvantages. |
| bra abedtse | different food preservation | |
| MBP- 702 (PR) | MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY | CO1: Culturing of mushrooms. CO2: Isolation of yeast from grapes. CO3: Isolation of genomic DNA. CO4: Tissue culture. |
| MBT- 703 | MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL, | CO1: Students obtain knowledge on QA QC TVC and APC. |
| (TH) | INSTRUMENTATION AND BIOTECHNIQUES | <u>CO2:</u> obtain knowledge on GMP, GLP and sterilization techniques. |
| | CO2: Identification of pa- caumed food materials | CO3: will learn about culture media physico chemical conditions |
| | 603; Giograph of visite population | CO4: learn about instruments used in QA and QC |
| | (1)4: Cultivation of schole in | CO5: obtain knowledge on enumeration MPN, MIC |
| Spanies contact | | CO1. Student ast the Impulator show |
| | MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL, INSTRUMENTATION AND BIOTECHNIQUES | CO1: Student get the knowledge about microorganisms of industrial importance. CO2: Student learn about the concepts of fermentation. CO3: Student get the knowledge about pharma and therapeutic enzymes. CO4: Student get the knowledge about industrial microorganisms. CO5: Student learn about bio reactors. |
| MBT- 801 (1) (PR) | INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY | CO1: student will learn about variou industrial productions CO2: will obtain knowledge on industrial production process. |
| MBT- 801 (2) (TH) | Connect infective syndemic | CO1: Students get the knowledge about microorganisms of food spoilage and their sources. CO2: Students learn about food preservation and microbial production of fermented products. |



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| | genetically modified and our products flick advantages and disadvantages | <u>CO3:</u> Students learn about microbial production of distilled beverages. <u>CO4:</u> This course introduces to know the different food preservation methods and |
| | COE Cultaring of mislacons COE Isolation of yeast from COE Isolation of percent from COE Tissue culture. COE Students obtain know | food processing process. CO5: To understand the study of History, and common properties of probiotics with examples and uses. Student learn about production of vitamins by using methods, process, recovery and assay. |
| MBT- 801 (2) | FOOD MICROBIOLOGY | <u>CO1:</u> Identification of pathogens fromformulation syrup. |
| | (CO) will learn about co physico chemical conditions (CO) sicam about in trument | CO2: Identification of pathogens from canned food materials. CO3: Bioassay of vitamin-B12 and |
| aretrarsrangu | and G. COT: obtain knowleaks on | penicillin. CO4: Cultivation of edible mushrooms. |
| MBT- 801 (3) | MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN MICROBIAL | CO1: The main objective of this course study of human microbial diseases caused |
| (ТН) занатаери | DISEASES saraings modern | by various species and also study the transmission, causative agents and symptoms of human microbial diseases. |
| | (203) Student as the kno pharms and themperocourse Cost Student get the kno | CO2: General account of epidemiology: principles of epidemiology, current epidemics (AIDS, nosocomial, acute |
| | metabral macrom ganistics (20%) Student luars, about big | respiratory syndromes). CO3: Identify the pathology of diseases caused by viruses- AIDS, |
| | COE seulen will icam i industrial productions | Hepatitis, Influenzas, Rabies, Chikungunya and Polio virus- history, causative agent, |
| | © (72) will obtain knowledge production process | pathogenesis, diagnosis, drugs and inhibitors. CO4: Students study the Harmful |
| | (531; Sindents get the kno micro againsins of fond spo- | microbial interactions to Humans, and also study the bacterial pathogens, mechanism. |
| | CO2: Students learn or eservation and microbial | CO5: Discuss Laboratory diagnosis of Common infective syndromes and parasitic manifestations. Epidemiological |
| | alcaborg betranset | investigations to identify a disease, |

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| | (1955 Demonstration of PCR. | problems of drug resistance and drug sensitivity. |
| | MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN MICROBIAL DISEASES | CO1: Ability to acquire a knowledge about microscopic examination of clinical samples- urine, stool, puss, sputum. CO2: To isolate and identify the following pathogens from clinical samples: E.coli, Salmonella, Pseudomonas. CO3: Demonstration of permanent slides of the following parasites. CO4: Immuno hematology: Blood group typing by slide test. |
| | r-DNA TECHNOLOGY | CO1: To study the Classification of restriction endonucleases and also this course introduces the molecular biology techniques, electrophoresis and blotting |
| | plants. COL connection of back actuality of theorems monotons. | techniques. CO2: Have developed an understanding of Cutting and joining DNA by using different enzymes. Selection of transformed cells. Screening methods |
| | CO2: To isolate the azufolate CO3: Observation description bacterist and firegal plant discipling Stating and observation CO5: Isolation of cellular | (Genetic marker and blue white screening). CO3: Students get the knowledge about Cloning vehicles- Plasmid, Bacteriophage, Construction of genomic and c DNA libraries. |
| | organisms. COL: General account of uni- | CO4: The main objective of this course to study the Methods of gene cloning and Methods of gene transfer. |
| | biofemberss for various or their advantages over chem- Stadion stage the synth- fixation | CO5: Students get the knowledge about Applications of recombinant DNA technology in Agriculture (Transgenic Plants) Medicine. |
| (PR) | Caspuna plants, non-less symbosic (1991) To least non-symbolic symbolic (1991) To least non-symbolic symbolic s | CO1: Student study the problem in Genetic engineering. CO2: Transformation of bacteria using plamid. CO3: Restriction digestion of DNA and its |
| | Fixors and phosphate solid asconion aharavieristics on | electrophoretic separation. CO4: Isolation of plasmid DNA. |



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| gird bus e | problems of drue resistant | CO5: Demonstration of PCR. |
| | MICROBES IN SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE MICROBES IN | CO1: Students get the knowledge about the study of Soil Microbiology and also know the cycles and Biological nitrogen fixation. CO2: Students get the awareness about the benefits of different microorganisms in Agriculture. CO3: To understand the study of Germ theory disease, protection against infections, Applied areas of microbiology. CO4: Have acquired a detailed knowledge of Diseases caused by bacteria and fungi to various commercial and food crops. CO5: Study the importance of mycorrhizal inoculums, types of mycorrhizae associated plants. |
| MBT- 802 (2) (PR) | MICROBES IN SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE | CO1: Enumeration of bacteria, fungi and actinomycetes from soil and identification of rhizosphere microflora. CO2: To isolate the azotobacter from soil. CO3: Observation description of any three bacterial and fungal plant diseases. CO4: Staining and observation of VAM. CO5: Isolation of cellulose degrading organisms. |
| | BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTIFCIDES | CO1: General account of microbes used in biofertilizers for various crop plants and their advantages over chemical fertilizers. Student study the symbiotic nitrogen fixation. CO2: Student get the awareness of Frankia- Isolation, characteristics, Alder, Casuarina plants, non-leguminous crop symbiosis. CO3: To learn non-symbiotic nitrogen fixers and phosphate solubilizers: Free isolation, characteristics, mass inoculums, |

(UG And PG Courses)

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| rect for small rect or analysis on. | | production and field application. <u>CO4:</u> Student understand the concept of Mycorrhizal biofertilizers and field applications. <u>CO5:</u> General account of microbes used as bio insecticides and their advantages over synthetic pesticides, <i>Bacillusthuringiensis</i> , production, field applications. |
| (PR) Sample of BIOP sample of Line and Sample of Li | FERTILIZERS AND PESTIFCIDES DESIGNATION DE SERVICION D | CO1: Study of different bio pesticides, weedicides, inorganic and organic fertilizers. CO2: Soil testing, limiting and fertilizing and preparation of enriched farm yard manure. CO3: Study of composting methods and recycling of farm waste. CO4: Study of methods of green manuring. CO5: Isolation and cultivation of rhizobium from root nodules. |
| MBT- 803 (1) BIOS BIOI | STATISTICS AND INFORMATICS | branches various biological data bases. CO2: To learn Biostatistics: probability and distribution and also determine the measures of central tendency. CO3: Student acquired a knowledge about |
| nagonem Ethical columber, product attition implications ghts ideal occopy ic legal decision is our WHO, 151 | | CO4: Student understand the study Overview of computer aided drug design. Searching sequence database using BLAST. Concept of genomics and |



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| | production and fictor application (225): Student quaterstand the Mycowingal Protentials. applications. | significance. Student t-test for small samples. Chi square test for analysis, correlation and regression. |
| d comme | BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS | CO1: Isolation of plasmid DNA from E.coli cells. CO2: Quantitative and Qualitative analysis of protein/DNA by using spectrophotometer. CO3: Demonstration of Southern hybridization. CO4: Use of software for sequence analysis of nucleotides and proteins. CO5: Problem related to t-test and chisquare test. |
| MBT- 803 (2) (TH) le sque afficient de sque aff | BIOSAFETY AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT | CO1: Student idea to learn about the IPR (Parent, plant breeder's right). Trademarks, industrial design, trade secrets (or) undisclosed information integrated circuit designs. CO2: Patenting principles, international standards and patent validity (neem and relaxins). Invention IPR issues of the Indian context. CO3: The main objective of this course Biotechnology and hunger-challenges for the Indian biotechnological research and industries. CO4: Student acquired a knowledge about the Bio safety management. Ethical implications of biotechnology product techniques, social and ethical implications of biological weapons. CO5: Copy right and rights related to copy right, patent claims, the legal decision—making process. International standards as per WHO, ISI, bio safety and validation. |

(UG And PG Courses)

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| (PR) | IOSAFETY AND NTELLECTUAL ROPERTY RIGHT | CO1: Study of components and design of a BSL-III laboratory. CO2: Filing applications for approval from bio safety committee. CO3: Study of steps of patenting process. CO4: Study of bio safety measures in pharmaceutical industry. CO5: Study on QA & QC parameters followed in R&D laboratory. |
| (TH) D | RUG DESIGN AND DISCOERY | CO1: Student study the History of Drug design, Current approaches and philosophies in drug design, Molecular mechanisms of diseases and drug action with examples. CO2: This course introduces the Sources of Drugs- Microbial drugs, Plants as a source of drugs. Expression of recombinant proteins in yeasts, animal cell culture system. CO3: The main objective of this course study the Drug development process-Impact of genomics and related technologies upon drug discovery: Gene chips, Proteomics, Structural genomics and Pharmacogenetics. |
| | | CO4: Student learn about the vaccine preparation. Impact of genetic engineering on vaccine technology. Adjuvant technology and mode of action. CO5: Student get the knowledge about the Nucleic acid as drugs- Gene therapy: Basic approaches to gene therapy, Vectors used in gene therapy- Retravel vectors, Nonviral vectors. |
| MBT- 803 (3) | ORUG DESIGN AND | <u>CO1:</u> To isolate the antibiotic producing bacteria from soil samples. |



(UG And PG Courses)

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| Secretary & Correspondent | | Principal |
| (PR) | DISCOERY absorption to volude 111- | entibiotic (penicillin and streptomycin). |

Attested

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